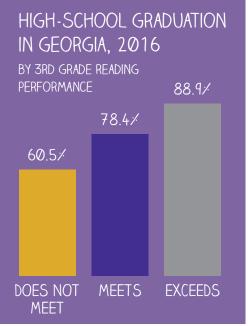
BY 2020,
ALL CHILDREN
IN GEORGIA
WILL BE ON A PATH TO
READING
PROFICIENTLY
BY THE END OF
3RD GRADE.

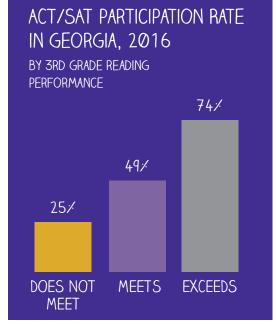




STUDENTS WHO DON'T READ PROFICIENTLY BY THE END OF THIRD GRADE ARE MORE LIKELY TO DROP OUT OF HIGH SCHOOL COMPARED TO PROFICIENT READERS.

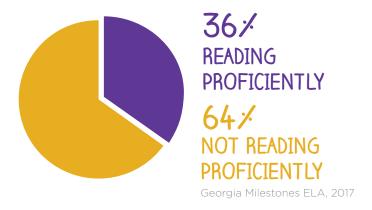
LEARNING READING TO READ TO LEARN





We are at a critical point in time when it comes to preparing Georgia's next generation of leaders.

Why? Because right now, nearly two-thirds of Georgia's children are not reading proficiently by the end of third grade.



Low achievement in reading affects our economy, our safety, and our health.

Third grade is when children are expected to make the shift from learning to read to reading to learn. Children unable to make this shift face serious barriers for future learning, because they can't grasp half of the printed curriculum in fourth grade and beyond, including math and science. As a result, these children fall even further behind.

Children who can't read proficiently by the end of third grade are more likely to experience poor health, have discipline problems, perform poorly in eighth-grade math, become teen parents, and drop out of school. As adults, they're more likely to spend time in prison, struggle with unemployment, and face shorter life expectancies.

It's time to take on third-grade reading proficiency—not only as an education issue, but as an urgent priority for all who care about children's health and well-being.

FACTORS THAT AFFECT CHILDREN'S ABILITY TO READ PROFICIENTLY

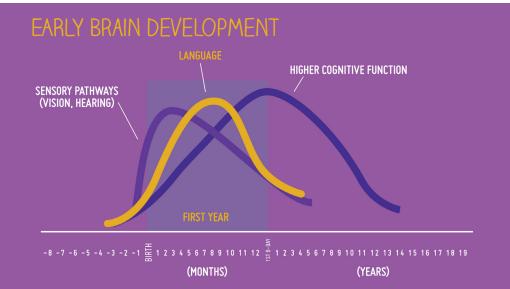






























A Data-Driven Approach

Get Georgia Reading partners recognize that literacy is much more than an education issue. Our efforts to change longterm outcomes and consequences must begin early—long before children enter kindergarten.

The partners looked at root causes for why a child might not be reading. This new approach led to a focus on early brain development and language-rich interactions with infants and toddlers, school attendance, summer learning loss, and the influence of physical and mental health on all aspects of learning and development.

These investigations reveal that far too many children in Georgia lack access to quality health care, housing, nutrition, and supportive learning environments. And far too many children experience the trauma of stress and violence in their homes and neighborhoods, inhibiting their ability to learn and grow.

Children cannot learn when they are hungry, sick, or scared.



OUR COMMON AGENDA



GET GEORGIA READING CAMPAIGN PARTNERS ARE RALLYING PEOPLE, ORGANIZATIONS, AND **COMMUNITIES TO APPLY A COMMON AGENDA** AS A FRAMEWORK FOR ACTION SO THAT ALL CHILDREN IN GEORGIA BECOME PROFICIENT READERS BY THE END OF THIRD GRADE.









This common agenda rests on four research-based pillars that provide a new way of looking at early literacy and learning during the first eight years of life, opening the doors to conversations that identify gaps and opportunities to take actions that close those gaps.

THE FOUR PILLARS

ACCESS

All children and their families have year-round access to, and supportive services for, healthy physical and social-emotional development and success in high-quality early childhood and elementary education.

ACCESS

POSITIVE LEARNING CLIMATE

All educators, families, and policymakers understand and address the impact of learning climate on social-emotional development, attendance, engagement, and ultimately student success.

LEARNING

CLIMATE

LANGUAGE NUTRITION

All children receive abundant, language-rich adult-child interactions, which are as critical for brain development as healthy food is for physical growth.

TEACHER PREPARATION & EFFECTIVENESS

All teachers of children ages 0 - 8 are equipped with evidence-informed skills, knowledge, and resources that effectively meet the literacy needs of each child in a developmentally appropriate manner.



TEACHER PREPARATION & EFFECTIVENESS

THE SIX KEYS TO ACCESS



Population is informed about services that exist and what they provide



Cost of services meets population's ability to pay



Location of supply is geographically within the population's reach



Size or volume of the supply meets population needs



Delivery of services is designed to improve population outcomes



Characteristics of service providers and population are receptive to each other

Challenging Conventional Approaches

The four pillars provide a shared language and understanding of what a successful path to reading proficiency—starting from birth—looks like.

Campaign partners are using these research-based pillars as a framework to challenge conventional approaches and support collective action in communities throughout the state.

Strategies for supporting language acquisition, improving early learning and elementary school environments, and increasing alignment of curriculum and teaching methods from preschool through third grade are just some examples of this new way of working to get all children on the path to literacy.

We can only reach the 1 million children under age 9 who live in Georgia if communities across the state join this effort by identifying and addressing the needs of children in their area, and then applying the four pillars to build on their existing resources.



ROLES OF THE CAMPAIGN



IDENTIFY AND MAKE SENSE OF FACTORS that affect children's ability to read



CONNECT AND SUPPORT DECISION-MAKERS in moving from a sector-focused approach to a population-focused approach



USE DATA TO CHANGE THE CONVERSATION and align policies and investments to strengthen the four pillars



INSPIRE COLLECTIVE ACTION AND INNOVATION to create the conditions essential for success

CELEBRATE PARTNER SUCCESSES

and clearly communicate possibilities to realize the common agenda across the state

WHAT YOU CAN DO TO #GETGAREADING



TALK, READ, SING, AND PLAY
WITH KIDS - ESPECIALLY BABIES ALL THE TIME



HELP PROMOTE ACCESS TO HEALTHY FOODS, HEALTHY ENVIRONMENTS, AND HEALTHY DEVELOPMENT.



HELP MAKE KIDS FEEL SAFE, SUPPORTED, AND READY TO LEARN BOTH AT HOME AND IN SCHOOL.



SUPPORT DEVELOPMENTALLY INFORMED APPROACHES FOR TEACHING AND LEARNING FROM AGES Ø-8.



THE PATH TO READING PROFICIENCY BY THE END OF THIRD GRADE





LET'S HELP **OUR KIDS LEARN** TO READ BY THIRD GRADE



Our kids love

to read books

every night

before bed.

Our kids have great peer relationships.

In the summer, our kids go to camp and read one book a week.



Our kids learn problem solving.



ENGAGING CLASSROOMS

SUMMER LEARNING

Our kids are able to see clearly, breathe easily, and eat healthily.

Our kids have a listening vocabulary of 20,000 words by kindergarten.

Our kids

enjoy going to school.

PREPARED & READY FOR SCHOOL

Parents and caretakers talk. read, sing, and play with our kids all the time.

learn how to Our kids have be helpful and a vocabulary take turns. of over 1,100 words by age 3.





QUALITY CHILD CARE, HEALTH CARE, & NUTRITION

Our kids adore their families and teachers.

Our kids



STRONG VOCABULARY & SELF-REGULATION SKILLS



SOCIAL-EMOTIONAL DEVELOPMENT & POSITIVE SOCIAL INTERACTIONS



CRITICAL BRAIN DEVELOPMENT & THE FOUNDATION FOR LANGUAGE & LITERACY



EARLY LANGUAGE EXPOSURE & NURTURING RESPONSIVE RELATIONSHIPS WITH ADULTS

8+ YEARS

Getting more kids to read takes more than good schools, more than great teachers, and more than loving parents.

It takes all of us working together.

JOIN US ON THIS JOURNEY TO GET GEORGIA READING.



getgeorgiareading.org

#GetGAReading





